

Labor Market Overview

Glens Falls MSA

November 2016



prepared by:

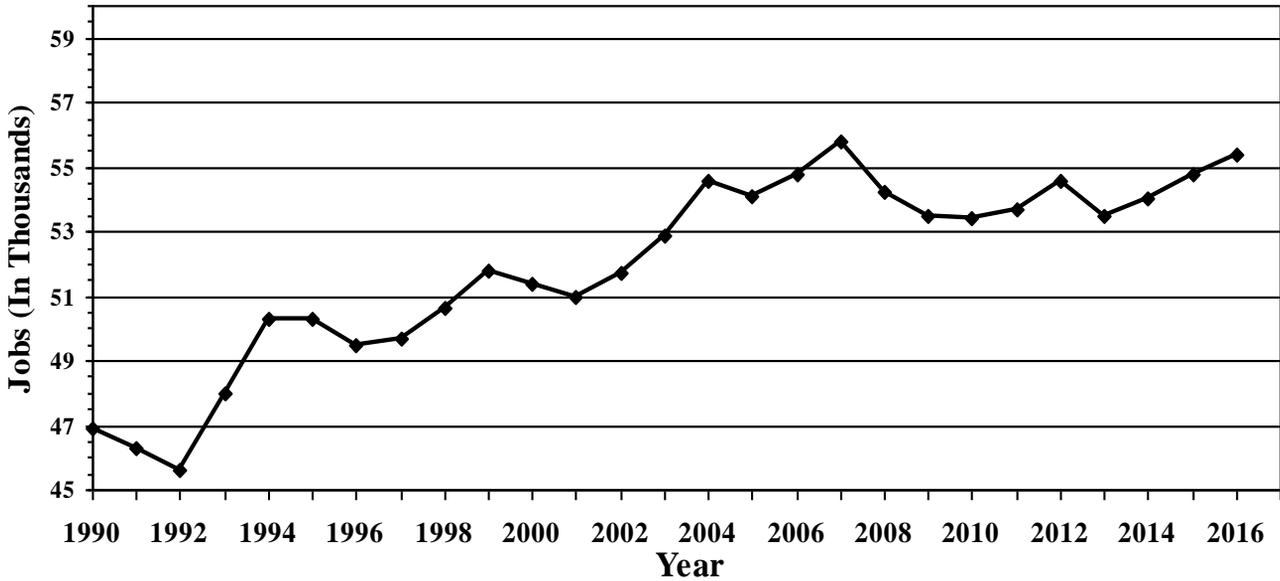
James H. Ross

Labor Market Analyst

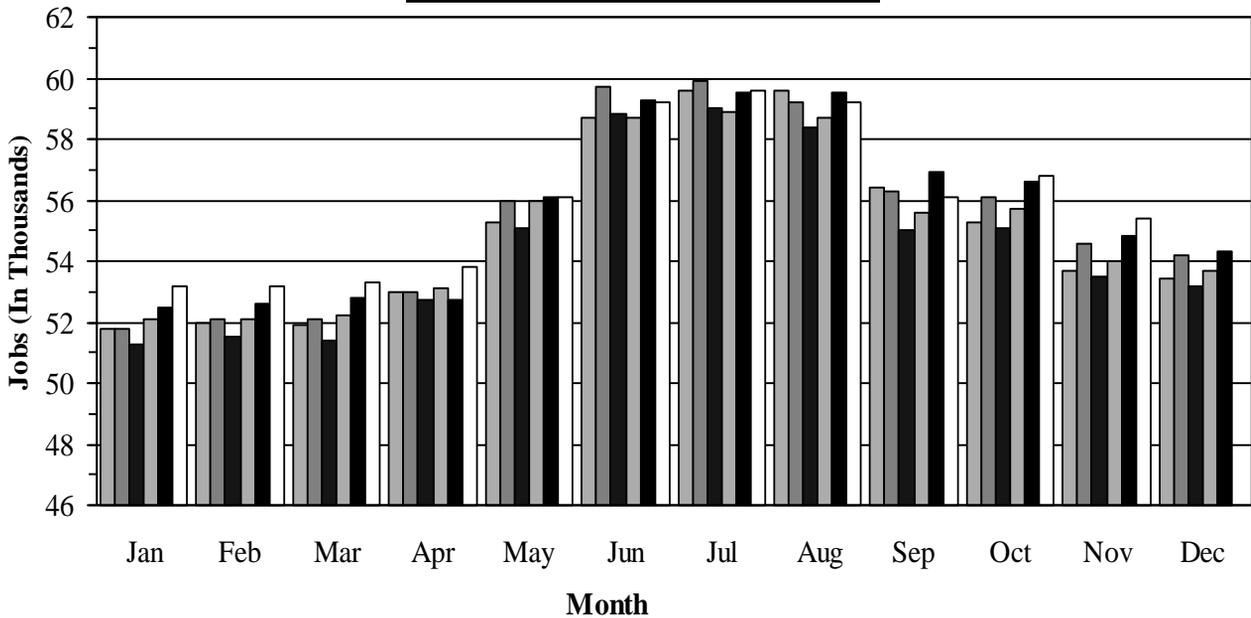
Available online at www.labor.state.ny.us/stats/cap/glensfalls.pdf



NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY JOBS
GLENS FALLS MSA
 November 1990 - November 2016

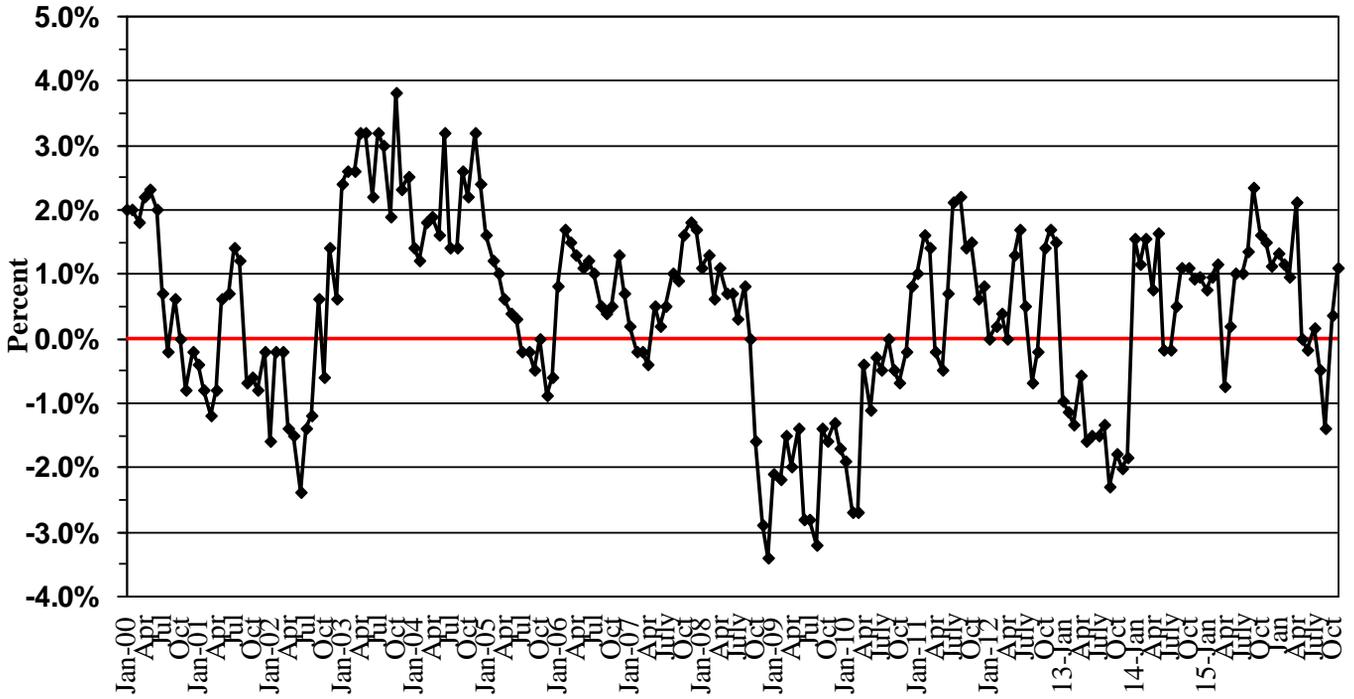


MONTHLY JOB COUNTS
 GLENS FALLS MSA, 2011-2016



2011
 2012
 2013
 2014
 2015
 2016

RATE OF GROWTH IN JOBS
 GLENS FALLS MSA, January 2000 -November 2016

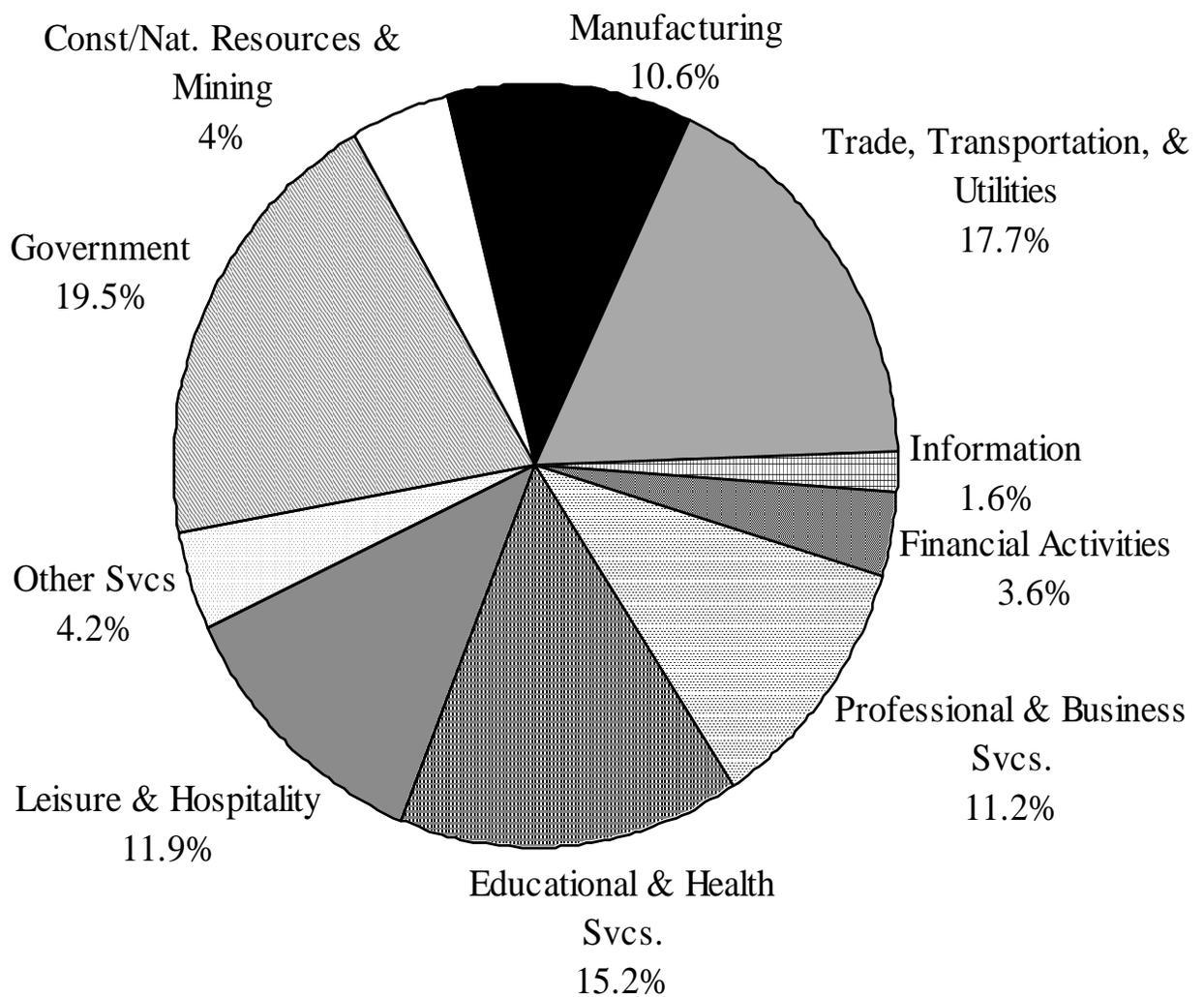


Note: Based on year-to-year change

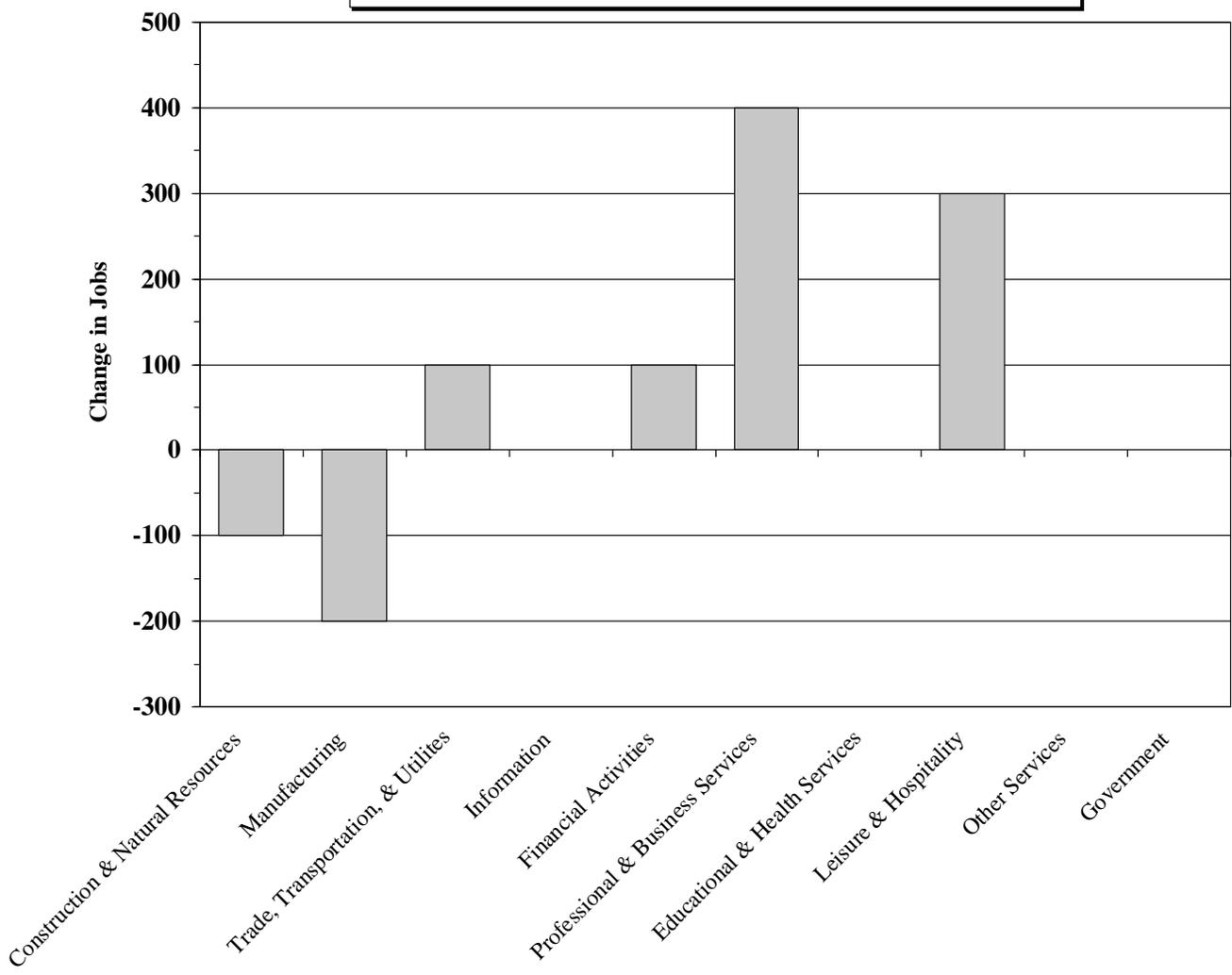
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT BY SUPER-SECTOR

GLENS FALLS MSA, November 2016

Industry Super-sector



CHANGE IN JOB COUNTS BY SUPER-SECTOR
GLENS FALLS MSA, November 2015 - November 2016



**Number of Nonfarm Jobs by Place of Work
New York State and Areas
(In Thousands, Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

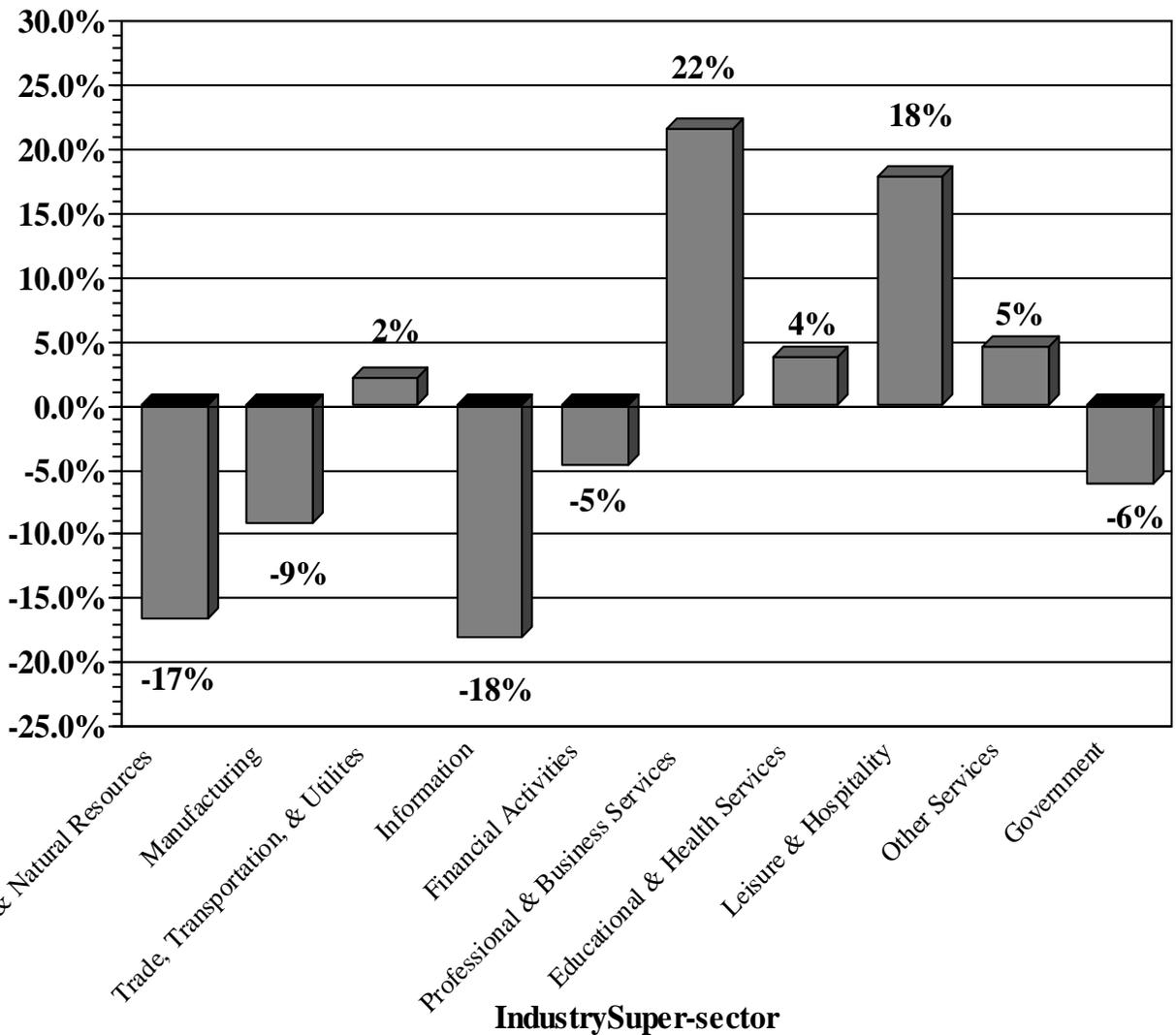
Area	November 2016	November 2015 (R)	Change to November 2016 from:	
			November 2015	
			Net	%
New York State	9,503.4	9,398.9	104.5	1.1%
Metropolitan Areas				
Albany-Schenectady-Troy Metro Area	464.1	463.6	0.5	0.1%
Binghamton Metro Area	103.9	105.1	-1.2	-1.1%
Buffalo-Niagara Falls Metro Area	566.7	563.0	3.7	0.7%
Dutchess-Putnam Metropolitan Division	148.1	146.7	1.4	1.0%
Elmira Metro Area	38.9	38.9	0.0	0.0%
Glens Falls Metro Area	55.4	54.8	0.6	1.1%
Ithaca Metro Area	74.3	72.0	2.3	3.2%
Kingston Metro Area	62.9	62.0	0.9	1.5%
Nassau-Suffolk Metropolitan Division	1,340.8	1,326.8	14.0	1.1%
New York City	4,377.3	4,310.6	66.7	1.5%
Orange-Rockland-Westchester Metropolitan Division	717.9	715.7	2.2	0.3%
Rochester Metro Area	534.1	531.3	2.8	0.5%
Syracuse Metro Area	321.7	322.5	-0.8	-0.2%
Utica-Rome Metro Area	127.5	128.8	-1.3	-1.0%
Watertown-Fort Drum Metro Area	42.9	42.7	0.2	0.5%
Counties Outside Metropolitan Areas				
Allegany	19.4	19.5	-0.1	-0.5%
Cattaraugus	32.9	32.9	0.0	0.0%
Cayuga	26.7	26.3	0.4	1.5%
Chautauqua	52.5	52.7	-0.2	-0.4%
Chenango	18.5	18.4	0.1	0.5%
Clinton	34.9	34.5	0.4	1.2%
Columbia	21.9	22.0	-0.1	-0.5%
Cortland	20.3	20.0	0.3	1.5%
Delaware	15.5	15.5	0.0	0.0%
Essex	14.1	13.9	0.2	1.4%
Franklin	19.2	19.2	0.0	0.0%
Fulton	17.9	17.6	0.3	1.7%
Genesee	22.8	22.8	0.0	0.0%
Greene	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0%
Hamilton	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0%
Lewis	6.2	6.4	-0.2	-3.1%
Montgomery	19.5	19.2	0.3	1.6%
Otsego	27.0	26.9	0.1	0.4%
St. Lawrence	42.6	42.8	-0.2	-0.5%
Schuyler	5.0	4.9	0.1	2.0%
Seneca	12.3	12.0	0.3	2.5%
Steuben	38.5	38.4	0.1	0.3%
Sullivan	25.8	25.6	0.2	0.8%
Wyoming	13.4	13.3	0.1	0.8%

Note: Data are subject to revision. R=Revised. Net and % changes based on rounded data.

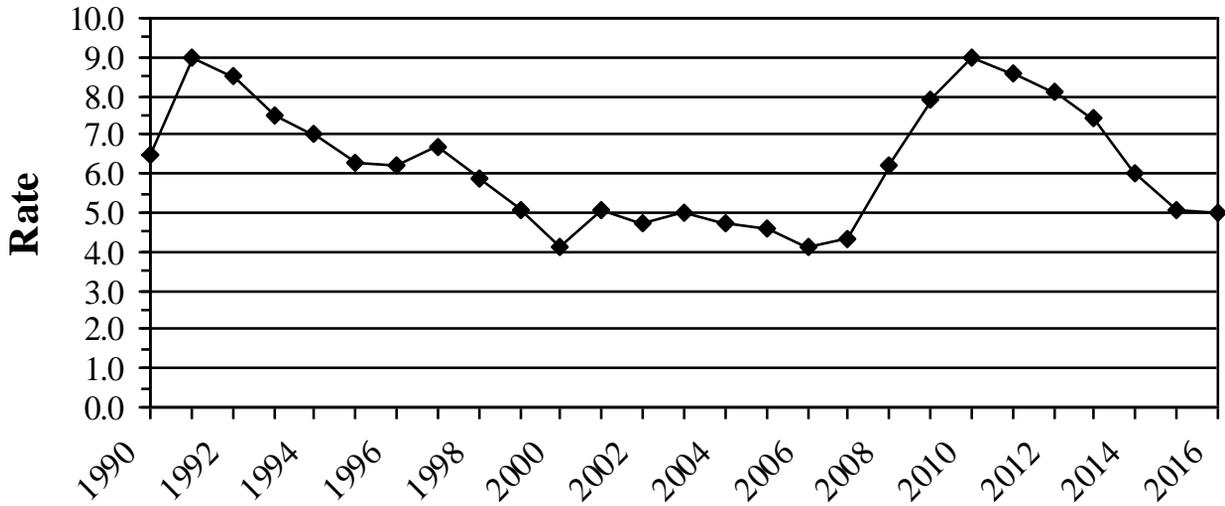
EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY PLACE OF WORK
GLENS FALLS AREA
(In thousands, not seasonally adjusted)

Industry	November 2016	October 2016	November 2015	Net Month	Pct Month	Net Year	Pct Year
Total Nonfarm	55.4	56.8	54.8	-1.4	-2.5%	0.6	1.1%
Total Private	44.6	46.1	44.0	-1.5	-3.3%	0.6	1.4%
Goods Producing	8.4	8.5	8.7	-0.1	-1.2%	-0.3	-3.4%
Natural Resources, Mining and Construction	2.5	2.6	2.6	-0.1	-3.8%	-0.1	-3.8%
Manufacturing	5.9	5.9	6.1	0.0	0.0%	-0.2	-3.3%
Service Providing	47.0	48.3	46.1	-1.3	-2.7%	0.9	2.0%
Private Service Providing	36.2	37.6	35.3	-1.4	-3.7%	0.9	2.5%
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	9.8	9.7	9.7	0.1	1.0%	0.1	1.0%
Wholesale Trade	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Retail Trade	7.8	7.6	7.7	0.2	2.6%	0.1	1.3%
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	0.8	0.9	0.8	-0.1	-11.1%	0.0	0.0%
Information	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Financial Activities	2.0	2.0	1.9	0.0	0.0%	0.1	5.3%
Professional and Business Services	6.2	6.3	5.8	-0.1	-1.6%	0.4	6.9%
Education and Health Services	8.4	8.4	8.4	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Health Care and Social Assistance	8.2	8.2	8.1	0.0	0.0%	0.1	1.2%
Leisure and Hospitality	6.6	8.0	6.3	-1.4	-17.5%	0.3	4.8%
Other Services	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Government	10.8	10.7	10.8	0.1	0.9%	0.0	0.0%
Local Government	8.4	8.4	8.5	0.0	0.0%	-0.1	-1.2%
Local Government Education	5.2	5.1	5.3	0.1	2.0%	-0.1	-1.9%

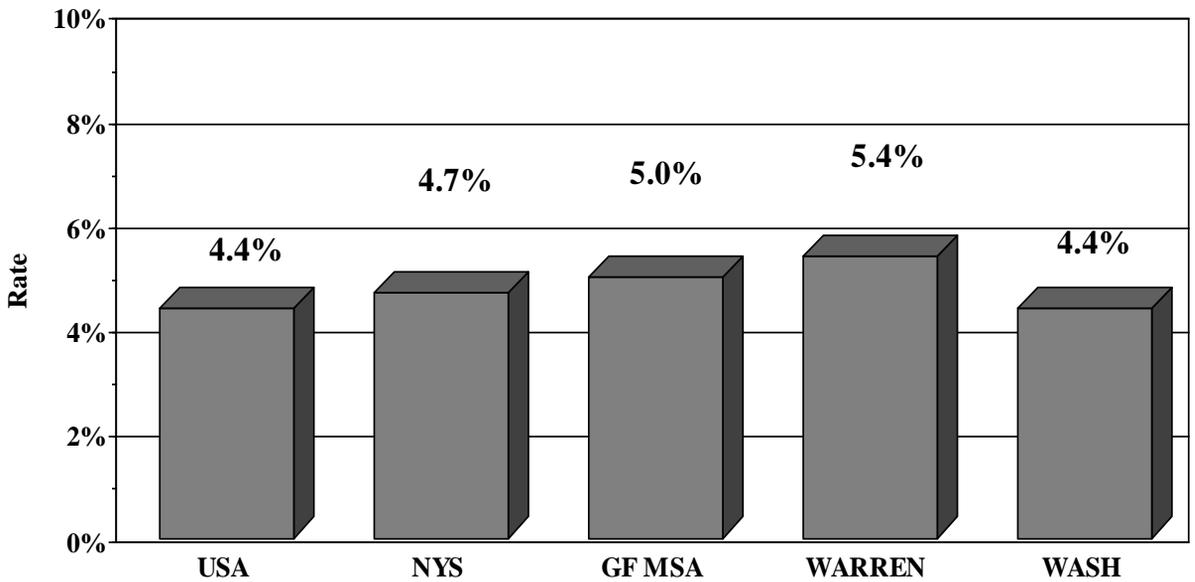
PERCENT CHANGE IN WAGE AND SALARY JOBS BY SUPER-SECTOR
 GLENS FALLS MSA, November 2006 - November 2016



RESIDENT CIVILIAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
Glens Falls MSA
November 1990 – November 2016



RESIDENT CIVILIAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - November 2016
United States, New York State and Glens Falls MSA



**Employed, Unemployed, and Rate of Unemployment
By Place of Residence
For New York State and Major Labor Areas, November 2016**
(Numbers in thousands, not seasonally adjusted)

AREA/COUNTY	EMPLOYED			UNEMPLOYED			UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (%)		
	Nov. 2016	Nov. 2015	Net Change	Nov. 2016	Nov. 2015	Net Change	Nov. 2016	Nov. 2015	Net Change
United States	152,385	149,766	+2,619	7,066	7,573	-507	4.4	4.8	-0.4
New York State	9,136.6	9,210.9	-74.3	450.2	462.6	-12.3	4.7	4.8	-0.1
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	424.4	428.8	-4.4	17.0	18.2	-1.1	3.9	4.1	-0.2
Albany	150.2	151.8	-1.7	6.0	6.3	-0.3	3.8	4.0	-0.2
Rensselaer	77.2	78.0	-0.8	3.2	3.5	-0.3	4.0	4.2	-0.2
Saratoga	110.9	112.0	-1.1	4.1	4.5	-0.3	3.6	3.9	-0.3
Schenectady	72.3	73.1	-0.8	3.0	3.2	-0.2	4.0	4.2	-0.2
Schoharie	13.9	13.9	-0.1	0.7	0.7	-0.0	4.7	4.9	-0.2
Binghamton	101.9	104.4	-2.4	5.3	5.8	-0.5	5.0	5.3	-0.3
Broome	80.2	82.1	-1.9	4.3	4.6	-0.4	5.1	5.3	-0.2
Tioga	21.8	22.3	-0.5	1.1	1.2	-0.1	4.7	5.1	-0.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	517.3	520.7	-3.4	26.5	27.3	-0.8	4.9	5.0	-0.1
Erie	422.5	425.4	-2.8	21.0	21.6	-0.6	4.7	4.8	-0.1
Niagara	94.8	95.3	-0.5	5.5	5.7	-0.2	5.5	5.6	-0.1
Dutchess-Putnam	186.1	186.5	-0.5	7.5	7.7	-0.2	3.9	4.0	-0.1
Dutchess	137.3	137.6	-0.3	5.6	5.8	-0.2	3.9	4.0	-0.1
Putnam	48.7	48.9	-0.2	1.9	2.0	-0.0	3.8	3.9	-0.1
Elmira (Chemung)	35.0	35.6	-0.5	1.9	2.0	-0.1	5.1	5.4	-0.3
Glens Falls	56.6	56.7	-0.0	3.0	3.0	-0.1	5.0	5.1	-0.1
Warren	29.9	30.0	-0.1	1.7	1.7	-0.0	5.4	5.5	-0.1
Washington	26.7	26.7	+0.1	1.2	1.3	-0.1	4.4	4.6	-0.2
Ithaca (Tompkins)	54.5	53.6	+1.0	1.9	2.1	-0.1	3.4	3.7	-0.3
Kingston (Ulster)	85.0	84.7	+0.3	3.7	3.8	-0.1	4.1	4.3	-0.2
Nassau-Suffolk	1,409.4	1,411.7	-2.3	58.0	59.7	-1.7	4.0	4.1	-0.1
Nassau	668.0	669.2	-1.2	26.0	26.7	-0.7	3.7	3.8	-0.1
Suffolk	741.4	742.5	-1.1	32.0	33.0	-0.9	4.1	4.3	-0.2
New York City	3,947.0	3,993.6	-46.6	214.9	217.9	-3.1	5.2	5.2	0.0
Bronx	566.3	573.0	-6.7	43.5	44.5	-0.9	7.1	7.2	-0.1
Kings	1,166.3	1,180.1	-13.8	64.8	66.6	-1.8	5.3	5.3	0.0
New York	883.9	894.3	-10.4	42.2	41.5	+0.7	4.6	4.4	+0.2
Queens	1,119.1	1,132.3	-13.2	52.9	53.7	-0.9	4.5	4.5	0.0
Richmond	211.3	213.9	-2.6	11.5	11.6	-0.2	5.2	5.2	0.0
Orange-Rockland-Westchester	775.0	779.4	-4.3	32.7	33.4	-0.7	4.0	4.1	-0.1
Orange	170.3	171.2	-0.9	7.2	7.5	-0.2	4.1	4.2	-0.1
Rockland	145.6	146.5	-0.9	6.1	6.2	-0.1	4.0	4.0	0.0
Westchester	459.1	461.8	-2.6	19.4	19.7	-0.3	4.1	4.1	0.0
Rochester	493.4	496.3	-2.9	23.3	24.0	-0.7	4.5	4.6	-0.1
Livingston	29.2	29.3	-0.0	1.4	1.4	-0.0	4.5	4.6	-0.1
Monroe	342.6	345.3	-2.7	16.3	16.8	-0.5	4.5	4.6	-0.1
Ontario	51.9	52.2	-0.2	2.2	2.3	-0.1	4.1	4.2	-0.1
Orleans	16.7	16.7	+0.0	0.9	1.0	-0.1	5.2	5.6	-0.4
Wayne	41.7	41.8	-0.1	2.1	2.0	+0.0	4.7	4.7	0.0
Yates	11.2	11.1	+0.1	0.5	0.5	-0.0	4.3	4.5	-0.2
Syracuse	292.8	296.9	-4.1	14.2	15.0	-0.9	4.6	4.8	-0.2
Madison	31.3	31.5	-0.3	1.6	1.6	-0.0	4.9	4.9	0.0
Onondaga	211.1	214.2	-3.1	9.4	9.9	-0.5	4.2	4.4	-0.2
Oswego	50.4	51.1	-0.7	3.2	3.5	-0.3	6.0	6.4	-0.4
Utica-Rome	122.4	124.6	-2.2	6.0	6.5	-0.5	4.7	5.0	-0.3
Herkimer	26.6	27.1	-0.4	1.5	1.6	-0.1	5.2	5.4	-0.2
Oneida	95.7	97.5	-1.8	4.6	4.9	-0.4	4.6	4.8	-0.2
Watertown-Fort Drum (Jefferson)	42.9	43.1	-0.2	2.9	2.9	-0.0	6.3	6.3	0.0

**Employed, Unemployed, and Rate of Unemployment
By Place of Residence
For Counties Not Within Major Labor Areas, November 2016**
(Numbers in thousands, not seasonally adjusted)

AREA/COUNTY	EMPLOYED			UNEMPLOYED			UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (%)		
	Nov. 2016	Nov. 2015	Net Change	Nov. 2016	Nov. 2015	Net Change	Nov. 2016	Nov. 2015	Net Change
Allegany	22.1	22.3	-0.2	1.2	1.2	-0.0	5.0	5.1	-0.1
Cattaraugus	33.8	33.9	-0.2	2.0	2.0	-0.0	5.5	5.5	0.0
Cayuga	35.4	35.2	+0.2	1.7	1.8	-0.2	4.5	4.9	-0.4
Chautauqua	53.1	53.7	-0.6	3.2	3.2	-0.0	5.7	5.7	0.0
Chenango	21.5	21.6	-0.1	1.1	1.1	-0.0	4.8	5.0	-0.2
Clinton	34.1	34.0	+0.1	1.8	1.9	-0.1	4.9	5.2	-0.3
Columbia	30.1	30.3	-0.2	1.1	1.1	+0.0	3.5	3.4	+0.1
Cortland	22.7	22.6	+0.1	1.3	1.3	-0.0	5.2	5.3	-0.1
Delaware	18.4	18.4	+0.0	0.9	1.0	-0.1	4.9	5.4	-0.5
Essex	15.7	15.6	+0.1	0.9	1.0	-0.1	5.3	5.9	-0.6
Franklin	18.9	19.0	-0.1	1.0	1.2	-0.1	5.3	5.8	-0.5
Fulton	21.9	21.8	+0.1	1.2	1.4	-0.1	5.2	5.8	-0.6
Genesee	28.0	28.1	-0.0	1.3	1.3	-0.0	4.5	4.6	-0.1
Greene	19.1	19.3	-0.2	1.0	1.1	-0.1	4.9	5.2	-0.3
Hamilton	2.1	2.1	-0.0	0.2	0.2	-0.0	8.4	8.7	-0.3
Lewis	10.6	10.7	-0.2	0.7	0.7	+0.0	6.2	6.1	+0.1
Montgomery	21.0	20.9	+0.1	1.1	1.3	-0.2	5.1	5.9	-0.8
Otsego	27.9	28.0	-0.1	1.2	1.4	-0.1	4.3	4.7	-0.4
St. Lawrence	44.0	44.5	-0.5	2.6	2.9	-0.3	5.6	6.1	-0.5
Schuyler	8.0	8.0	+0.0	0.5	0.5	-0.0	5.6	6.0	-0.4
Seneca	15.2	15.0	+0.2	0.7	0.7	-0.0	4.3	4.6	-0.3
Steuben	40.7	40.8	-0.1	2.3	2.5	-0.2	5.3	5.7	-0.4
Sullivan	31.6	31.7	-0.1	1.5	1.7	-0.1	4.7	5.0	-0.3
Wyoming	17.1	17.0	+0.1	0.9	0.9	+0.0	5.1	5.0	+0.1

FACT SHEET

This fact sheet conveys important technical information that will contribute to a better understanding of resident labor force, including unemployment rates, and job data included in this and future press releases.

State unemployment rates based on regression model

Unemployment rates for New York State and all other states (as well as New York City and the City of Los Angeles) are estimated using time-series regression models developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. The model reduces month-to-month variation in labor force data by reducing variation caused by sampling errors and other statistical noise (irregularities).

Benchmarking of estimates

At the end of each year, labor force data are revised to reflect updated input data including new Census population controls, revised establishment jobs data, and revised state-level data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). As part of this procedure, all state figures are reviewed, revised as necessary, and then re-estimated. This process is commonly referred to as "benchmarking."

Changes in methodology

With the release of January 2005 data, a new time-series regression model that utilizes "real-time" benchmarking is in effect. The redesigned model should reduce end-of-year revisions as major economic events will be reflected in a more timely manner. The new model also changes how estimates of new entrants or re-entrants into the labor force are made for sub-state areas, which may result in higher or lower unemployment rates in some sub-state areas. Also effective with the release of January 2005 data are updated metro area definitions. Please see <http://www.labor.state.ny.us/pdf/enys1104.pdf> for additional details.

Unemployed and UI Beneficiaries

The estimate of the number of unemployed includes all persons who had no employment during the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month), were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Unemployment insurance (UI) beneficiaries include those who apply for and qualify for UI benefits. Consequently, the estimate of the number of unemployed and the number of UI beneficiaries do not necessarily move in tandem. Persons collecting UI benefits generally make up from 35 to 50 percent of the unemployed.

Job data

Monthly job data are obtained from the Current Employment Statistics survey of business establishments, which samples 18,000 establishments in New York State. The survey excludes self-employed workers, agricultural workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers employed by private households. The data represent a count of jobs by place of work. Estimates for each month are revised the following month, as well as at the end of each year, as more complete data become available.

Press release availability

In an effort to distribute information faster and more reliably and to reduce shipping costs, the New York State Department of Labor's monthly press release is available exclusively online at: <http://www.labor.state.ny.us>.